Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Energy Forms & Changes Simulation**

<http://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulation/energy-forms-and-changes>

In this simulation, you will be able to “see” several different forms of energy and the changes (transfers) that can occur between them. You are also able to work with a system where you can manipulate the energy input, observe the process of electrical energy generation and manipulate the output. Click on the “Energy Systems” tab. We will do all of our work here. Be sure to click the “Energy Symbols” box so the different types of energy will be visible throughout the process.

**Getting Familiar With The Options**

Please experiment with the different source, generation and output options – there are many combinations to play with – then complete the questions below.

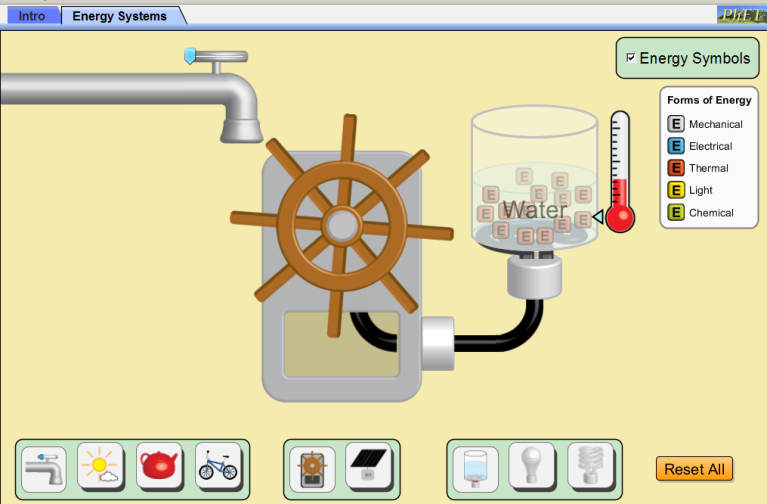
1. Which **energy sources (input)** can cause the turbine (wooden wheel) to spin and generate electrical energy? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Which **energy sources (input)** cause the solar panels to generate electrical energy? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. Which **energy output** objects work with the turbine? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. Which **energy output** objects work with the solar panels? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. What happens to the amount of electrical energy that is generated when the:
   1. Faucet is on high? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. Faucet is on low? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   3. There are no clouds? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   4. There are lots of clouds? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   5. Low heat on the kettle? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   6. High Heat on the kettle? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   7. The girl pedals slowly? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   8. The girl pedals quickly? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. Explain why the cyclist must be fed in order to continue to pedal? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. The Law of Conservation of Energy states that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Exploring Energy Transfer**

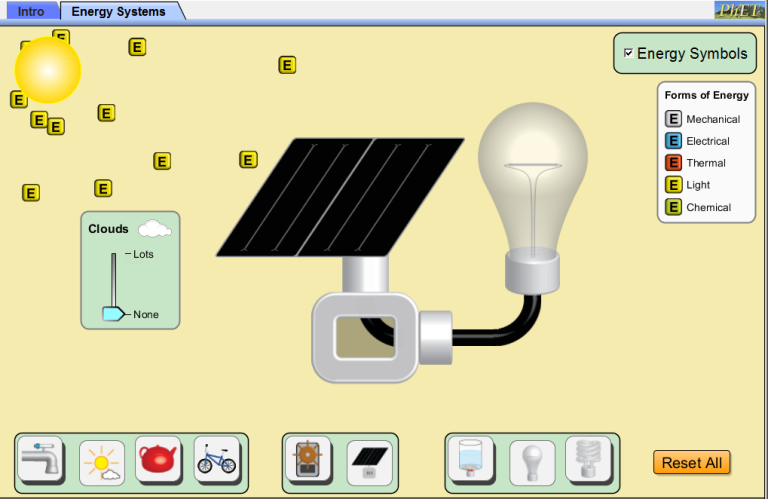
Set up your system as shown in the picture. Let it run for a while and then complete the sentences using the energy symbols to help you “see” the flow of the energy within each system.

1. **Turbine Moved by Medium Water Flow from Faucet With A Water Heater System**



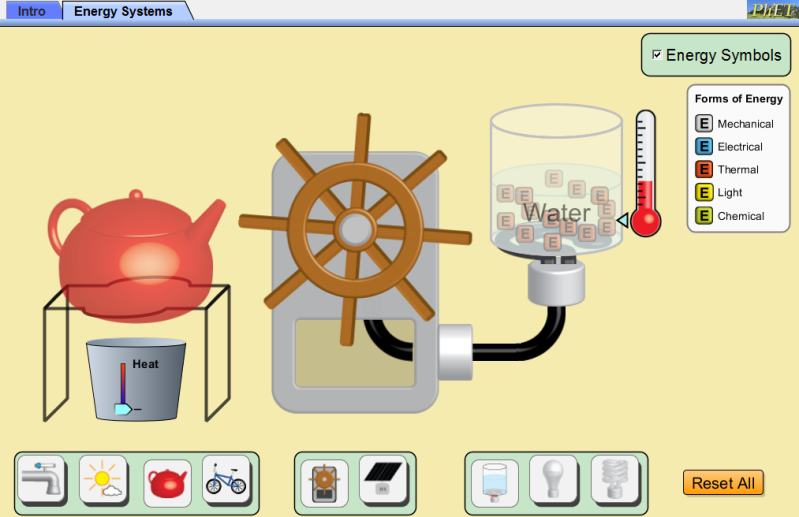
In this system, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy from the moving water of the faucet turns the turbine. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy of the spinning turbine generates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy which is transformed into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy that causes the temperature of the water to increase. The water then becomes steam and gives off more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy into the atmosphere.

1. **Solar Panel in Medium Cloud Cover With A Regular Light Bulb System**



In this system, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy from the sunlight causes the solar panel to create \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy which flows into the incandescent light bulb. In the light bulb, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy is transformed into two different types of energy: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy.

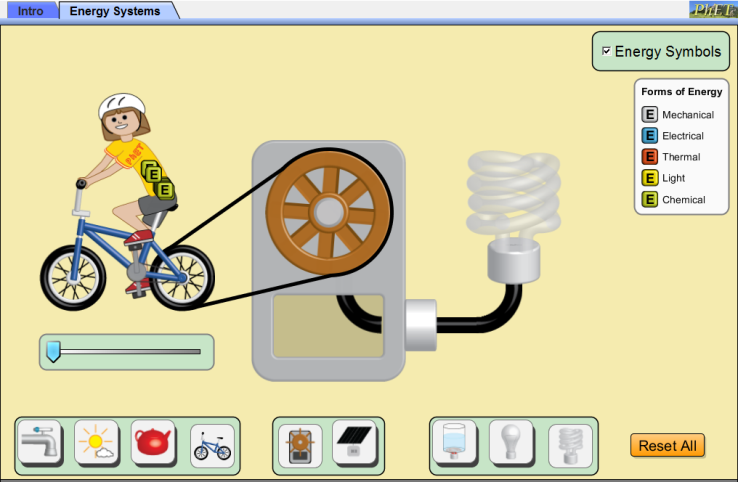
1. **Turbine Moved by Steam from Medium Heat Kettle With A Water Heater System**



In this system, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy from the flames of the fire transfer energy to the kettle causing the liquid to become steam. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy of the moving steam spins the turbine which generates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy that is used to increase the temperature of the water. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy of the steam is transferred to the atmosphere.

**\*Note\*** Another form of energy is released from the kettle. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. **Turbine Moved by Cyclist Pedaling at Medium Speed With A Fluorescent Light Bulb System**



In this system, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy from the cyclist is converted to a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy and a little bit of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy from the turning bicycle wheel spins the turbine which generates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy. The fluorescent light bulb converts this energy into two new forms: a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy and very little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy.

1. Switch out the fluorescent bulb with the regular bulb and observe the energy output. What do you notice about the difference in the energy and output of these two bulbs? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

In your opinion, which light bulb is more efficient? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Explain how you know this. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What common form of energy (not including kinetic or potential) is not included in the “Energy Symbols” key that would normally be present in these examples?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Look carefully at each of the four systems shown above. Knowing what we have discussed about energy conversions, identify (list) at least three different places where this form of energy (sound) should be “produced”.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. In the space below, explain why this simulation is a good way to illustrate the Law of Conservation of Energy. Use specific examples to support your answer.